



MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 11, 1909.

WAR between the president and Congress has passed the skirmishing stage, and is to take the form of open fighting from now on. The charge against Senator Tillman, made by the president, is regarded by the Senate not as an attack upon an individual member, but as an assault upon the whole body. Reprisals are planned whenever the opportunity offers. Nominations are to be held up and executive action scrutinized, with the hope of finding such flaws in the conduct of the president as may be used to discredit him with the public. This is announced openly by senators, who evidently wish to convey the impression that they have been permitting the president to appoint men to office who are not fit for public service. Action was taken in the House Saturday in the adoption of a resolution to investigate the secret service, insinuating both in the language of the measure and in the action itself that there is much of wrong in this force, and in the use to which it has been put by the president. In addition, Senator Hale, as acting chairman of the Senate appropriations committee, appointed a sub-committee to make the general investigation of all government departments and agencies, authorized by the Senate resolution of three weeks ago. The very atmosphere is charged with accusations and suspicion. Congress has cleared its decks for action, but at the same time there is anticipation that the president will attack them from another quarter. The president cares nothing for the storm he has raised. He is contemptuous of the indignation of Congress members as well as defiant.

As stated in the Gazette of that day six night riders, convicted of the murder of Captain Rankin, were sentenced at Union City, Tenn., on Saturday to be hanged on February 19. Two found guilty of second degree murder were given twenty years in the penitentiary. In refusing a new trial Judge Jones said:

"It was a sad day when these men left their quiet homes that their wives had not taken them around the neck and pleaded with them for God Almighty's sake to stop, and not land themselves together for such unholy acts. The evidence is bristling with perjury, and the jury has returned verdicts which must stand. I can see no mitigating circumstances in this crime. It was not done in the heat of passion and has none of the elements of mitigating circumstances and that part of the verdict will be disregarded."

The sentence was none too severe; indeed hanging is too easy a death for these cowardly assassins who, in large numbers, masked and under the cover of darkness, took Capt. Rankin from his room in a hotel and fearfully butchered him.

MR. DUDLEY FOULKE, former civil service commissioner and a special repository of the confidences of Mr. Roosevelt, made a contemptuous reference to the Congress after coming from the president's office on Saturday. He dictated to the reporters one sentence as follows: "The demand of Dugberry to be written down as was pale and colorless when compared with the unextinguishable longing expressed by the House of Representatives to be insulted by the president, and to have it inferred from language which had no such meaning that a majority of its members were corrupt."

Mr. Foulke has become such a today that he sneezes when Mr. Roosevelt takes snuff.

The directors of the Wallace Bank at Clarkburg, W. Va., have declared what is no doubt the largest dividend of any bank in that state for the last year, which was 37 1/2 per cent on an authorized capital stock of \$85,000, only \$17,500 of which has been paid in. Over \$15,000 was also added to the surplus fund. The bankers in more pretentious cities might learn lessons in banking from the Clarkburg financiers.

THE attitude of President Roosevelt towards Congress is best expressed in his own words: "The man who starts to wipe me off the map had better have plenty of ammunition, and have it where he can get at it quick." This was a recent remark of the man in the White House, who has grown to be such a bully that he has descended to the vernacular of the street.

From Washington.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

Washington, Jan. 11. The first appeal in a criminal case ever brought by the government to the Supreme Court of the United States and the first case requiring the highest court in the land to pass on the question of punishment of Southern lynchings parties was today decided against the government. Robert Powell was indicted by the government for conspiracy to injure Horace Maples, a negro who was lynched at Huestville, Alabama. The District Court sustained Powell's demurrer, which claimed that if any offense had been committed it was recognized by the state courts alone. The Supreme Court of the United States affirms this judgment.

News of the Day.

The secretary of the treasury has announced a call on national bank depositors for \$25,000,000 of government deposits.

Representative Tawney states that his administration now has an army of secret and "special" agents that cost \$9,000,000 a year.

Former President Castro, of Venezuela, who was operated upon in Berlin for kidney trouble, makes favorable progress towards recovery.

Nicholas Siani, the priest of St. Rocco's Roman Catholic Church, of Newark, who abducted Juliette Tels, will be married to the girl today in New York.

King Manuel of Portugal rode through the principal streets of Lisbon yesterday followed by a brilliant staff, in order to disprove the report that his recent illness had brought on lung trouble.

Commander Marsh was found guilty by the court-martial of negligence in connection with the grounding of the Yankee in Buzzards bay in September last and will lose fifteen numbers in his grade.

A despatch from Messina to the London Telegraph says that a very severe earthquake at one o'clock this morning ruined part of the sea wall. The survivors were panic-stricken. The famous Triptych, painted by Antonello da Messina, which was the best work exhibited in the local gallery, has been recovered undamaged.

A fight between a Tigua bull and a Bengal tiger in the bull ring in Ciudad Juarez, Mexico, opposite El Paso, yesterday afternoon, was ferocious and necessitated the killing of both animals. The spectacle was witnessed by 5,500 persons, largely Americans, many of them tourists, who stopped over especially to witness it.

A despatch from Zeigler, Ill., says nineteen men are known to have been killed in an explosion in Joseph Leiter's coal mine early yesterday morning. Several other men who were in the mine at the time of the explosion are missing. Twenty-six are known to have gone into the shaft.

Past to a small tree with his own belt buckled around his throat, the body of 16-year-old John Veslof was found yesterday in a woods at Upper Darby, near Philadelphia. The police authorities of Clifton Heights, where the boy lived, believe he was murdered, and are looking for three men who had a quarrel with him last week. The boy had been living with Frank Schultz, at Clifton Heights, and had been missing from his home since last Monday.

A merger of independent fertilizer interests under the name of the Independent Fertilizer Company has been finally accomplished, according to semi-official statements made in Baltimore, though not along the lines originally planned, owing to the refusal of a majority of the Baltimore companies to join the terms offered. The company is capitalized at \$50,000,000, equally divided between common and preferred stock. J. P. Morgan & Co., of New York, have agreed to finance the combine.

That the cause of all the events at Rattle Run, Mich., which have been mislabeled into a murder mystery, was the desire of Rev. J. H. Carmichael to obtain an interesting plot for a thrilling novel, is now believed, and late evidence strengthens the theory that both principals in the tragedy are still alive. That Rev. Mr. Carmichael and Browning were seen together on a Grand Trunk train bound from the west was the statement made by Miss Clara Wagner and her sister, Anne, who lived for several years near Rattle Run, and who were acquainted with both men.

Virginia News.

Mrs. King, wife of Dr. King, of Wilmington, N. C., aged 68, died in Warrenton Saturday night at the home of Mrs. Edward Carter. Mrs. King had been a sufferer for many years.

The jury in the case of Henry Averill, of Low Moor, charged with the murder of his father, who was shot in the breast with a revolver, following a quarrel with his son, brought in a verdict of guilty on Saturday.

The will of Dr. Kenney Johns, dated October 28, 1908, was probated in Norfolk Saturday. Dr. Johns leaves all his property in Anne Arundel county, Maryland, to his sons, Washington S. Johns and Kenney Johns, Jr.

William Gaines, aged 52, senior member of the firm of Gaines & Bro., bankers, of Warrenton, died Saturday night at his home, Paradise, of a congestive chill. He was the son of the late Judge W. H. Gaines.

Lewis Reiger, of Amissville, Rappahannock county, shot and killed himself yesterday morning at the home of Dr. Ritanour. Temporary insanity is attributed as the cause. The deceased was about 30 years of age and unmarried.

The twelve Virginia electors of president and vice president of the United States, in accordance with law, met at the Capitol in Richmond today and cast their votes for Bryan and Kern. A messenger was appointed to convey the votes to Washington.

Judge William N. Portlock, of the Norfolk County Circuit Court, has cited a number of churchmen to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt of court in criticizing the court's action with regard to granting a liquor license at Huntersville.

Herbert B. Wilson, the senior member of the firm of H. B. Wilson & Co., grocers, of Warrenton, died yesterday after an illness of a week with pneumonia. He contracted the disease while nursing a brother, whose death occurred only a week ago. Mr. Wilson was in the twenty-sixth year of his age.

Henry O. Stuart, of Russell county, former state corporation commissioner, and now candidate for governor on the democratic ticket, who recently went to Paris to be with Mrs. Stuart, who was ill, arrived in Richmond yesterday. Mrs. Stuart did not return with her husband, as her health is not entirely restored.

A warrant was served on J. Marshall Atkinson, proprietor of the Park Hotel and racketeer in Richmond, charging the proprietor with selling whisky and other intoxicants to Grace Morris, a pretty 16-year-old girl, and J. F. Luck, 19 years old. Atkinson, who is the son of Mrs. A. D. Atkinson, proprietor of the Richmond Hotel, denies that anything was sold to the girl.

Sixtieth Congress.

Washington, Jan. 11. SENATE.

Probably never before, unless it was on the occasion of an inauguration of a president, has there been such a pressure for admittance to the galleries of the Senate as there was today, when the attraction was a senator denouncing a president in defense of his own good name. Senator Tillman had a great audience. Outside in the corridors the crowd of disappointed ones was as great as to completely block the passage ways.

Sensor Tillman took his seat shortly before noon and was greeted with a cordial round of applause from the galleries. The Senate not being in session the demonstration went unchecked.

Mr. Culberson asked to dispense with reading the journal and Mr. Tillman took the floor before any routine business was transacted. He began by saying that in his case the Senate virtually sat as a court. He desired the ladies to meet to his plea and requested that the president's letter to Senator Hale be printed in the Record. The request was granted.

After apologizing for reading a set speech, contrary to his usual custom, Mr. Tillman began in a calm tone and devoid of all nervousness. Every senator present gave him the closest attention. The first sign of applause came when Mr. Tillman said the president "is an adept at advertising," but it was not sustained.

In mentioning the charges against him Mr. Tillman said: "There is a third one, but it is so pitiable that I will ignore it for the present." He referred to the misuse of the franking privilege.

There was considerable laughter when Mr. Tillman referred to having been given membership in the president's "famous Ananias Club."

There was more laughter when Mr. Tillman said he was not aware that these darts of mine had quivered in the executive hide," and the vice-president lightly tapped his gavel.

There was both laughter and applause when he expressed the opinion that the president believed "the pitchfork" has gone out of business." The vice president called attention to the rules and said a repetition of the offense would result in the galleries being cleared.

Referring to the work of the postoffice inspectors, Mr. Tillman said "they quit the trail of the thief and took after the man who exposed him." He also said that he would not minimize the offense by lying but if he did lie, he would not tell.

When Mr. Tillman mentioned "the president's dear friend Harriman," he said that the relations might not be so close now, but they formerly were dear friends.

Mr. Tillman inserted as part of his remarks the report of the attorney general on the western land frauds, which he said would show "the damnable conditions existing."

In speaking of his continued anxiety to obtain some of the land Mr. Tillman exclaimed: "Who wouldn't be if he were as poor as I am."

When reading the president's statement that he would not comment on Mr. Tillman's action, he said: "I wish to God he had commented. I want to see what sort of evidence Theodore Roosevelt judges people by." Mr. Tillman quoted from the Tennyson "Solling Another Will Never Makes One's Self Clean." He declared that "Theodore Roosevelt lives in a glass house. It even has a glass floor." He announced that late in the session he would try and bring Mr. Roosevelt face to face with his true self and show the American people what manner of man he really is.

There was no demonstration at the conclusion of Mr. Tillman's speech. He was congratulated by many of his colleagues who warmly shook his hand. The crowd leaving the galleries made so much noise that it was impossible for the Senate to transact any business and on motion of Mr. Keams, of New Jersey, a recess of 10 minutes was taken to permit the restoration of normal conditions.

Sensors Clark, Dillingham, Kittredge, Culberson and Overman were today appointed a sub-committee of the Senate judiciary committee to consider question whether the president had authority to permit the absorption by the steel corporation of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company.

The Senate passed a bill limiting all expenses in connection with the Tokio Exposition to \$1,000 a year for Francis B. Loomis, as Commissioner General, until the end of 1914 when he will receive \$8,000, two other commissioners \$5,000 each, and the secretary \$5,000. The Senate went into executive session at 2:06 p. m. adjourned.

HOUSE.

Speaker Cannon announced the membership of the committee that will investigate the expenditure of the money for secret service work by the various government departments. The members are Messrs. Olmsted, Curries, Young, Brantley and Bowers.

Turkey Rejects Austria's Offer. Constantinople, Jan. 11.—The council of ministers today decided to reject Austria's offer of \$10,800,000 as indemnity for the annexation of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

Accompanying the rejection was the formulation of the following demands by Turkey: An indemnity of \$17,280,000, a voice in the future treatment of the Mohammedan residents of the annexed provinces, and the assumption by Austria of a share of the Ottoman debt, proportionate to the value of the provinces.

This action by Turkey puts an end to the hope of a peaceful settlement of the differences between the Porte and Austria. Austria announced at the time the foreign office renewed negotiations last Friday that the offer rejected today was the last she would make.

The new demands by Turkey are impossible from the Austrian standpoint, and unless other powers can step in and accomplish what the disputants have failed so signally to do, it is feared that a declaration of war cannot long be withheld.

Both the Porte and the Austrian foreign office are today in the angriest mood since the trouble began.

The Austrian representatives have declared that they will return to Vienna at once and inform the foreign office that it is useless to negotiate further with Turkey.

Paris, Jan. 11.—Despatches received in this city are to the effect that Turkey has accepted Austria's offer.

The Market.

Georgetown D. C., Jan. 11.—Wheat 97-108

Today's Telegraphic News

Mr. Tillman's Reply.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The unprecedented spectacle of a senator of the United States defending his honor before his colleagues against an attack by the president was presented here today.

Arising to a question of personal privilege, and addressing an audience that filled every seat on the floor of the Senate and packed the galleries, Senator Benjamin R. Tillman denied President Roosevelt's charge that he had used his official position for his private benefit, or that he had made a false statement to his fellow members regarding western land transactions.

The times of the pitchfork had been sharpened anew, and the recent onslaught of the big stick was returned with the South Carolina Senator's old time skill.

He accused the president of personal malice, misrepresentation, falsification, cowardice, "hitting below the belt," contempt of the Senate, and violation of the law in the use of the secret service.

Incidentally he gave official utterance to the charge he made informally to a United Press representative on Saturday that important papers bearing on the case at issue had been stolen from his desk in his room at the Capitol, "probably by some of the secret service sleuths." He also arraigned the president for permitting the so-called steel trust to absorb the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, and for helping "his dear friend Harriman to hold two million acres of the public domain, because Ben Tillman wanted to buy 1,440 acres."

The senator demanded the most searching investigation of his conduct, and invited comparison of his "private life and public work with that of Theodore Roosevelt or any other man."

He admitted that he was "perhaps disingenuous" in the statement which he made to the Senate declaring that he had not bought or "undertaken to buy" any of the lands in question. Everything, he declared, hinged on the meaning of the word "undertaken," as he used it. He had not paid any money, nor had he taken anyone's receipt, "the usual processes by which one 'undertakes' to buy land."

For the first time in his senatorial career, Mr. Tillman read his entire speech. Evidently appreciating the gravity of the situation, he did not care to trust himself to an extemporaneous address.

There was intense silence as he arose, and throughout the delivery of his remarks he was given the closest attention by his colleagues, many of whom had expressed the hope that he would be able to convince the Senate and the country of his innocence.

Mr. Tillman gave an exhaustive history of his connection with the land in question, and said:

"I was not interested except as a private individual wanting to purchase, and as a senator desiring to enable others to have the opportunity to do so. Of course, the president is sure that I have done something very discreditable and outrageous. He hates me, and would destroy me if he could."

"The man who announces to Congress that he, Theodore Roosevelt, assumed the right to permit the steel trust to absorb its greatest rival contrary to law would doubtless not hesitate to help his dear friend Harriman in holding 2,000,000 acres of the public domain, because Ben Tillman has contemplated and wanted to buy 1,440 acres. The president having convicted Tillman, proceeded to clear Dorr in both cases contrary to the facts and smilingly retires from the center of the stage, which it is his greatest delight to occupy, and complacently looks to have the American people and the Senate give their approval to his verdict. I await that verdict calmly and without fear, and will gladly abide by it."

In conclusion Mr. Tillman said: "Mr. president, I count the most searching investigation. Nay, I demand it. I demand most emphatically I have never sought to conceal my effort to buy land; I spoke to the attorney general about it; I explained to the agent of the secret service the whole transaction when I gave him the Dorr circular and the letters which had been sent me concerning it. The question of motive will at last control, and it cannot be shown that I have any reason to conceal anything. I invite comparison of my private life and my public work as a man and a senator with Theodore Roosevelt or any other man, and feel absolutely sure of the ground upon which I stand." Mr. Tillman did not deny the authenticity of the letter or the telegram, of which photographs were made.

Senator Tillman declared he had been guilty of no crime, that he had not sought to deceive anybody, that he had told no falsehoods, that he had broken no law, that he had been guilty of no immoral conduct.

A Startling Statement.

New York Medical Authorities Claim Dyspepsia Causes Consumption.

The most serious statistics of the big New York hospitals show that some cases of consumption are due to unchecked dyspepsia, especially when the victim was predisposed to tuberculosis.

Dyspepsia weakens the body and brain, the weakened, irritable stomach is unable to digest food, the body does not receive the required nourishment, constipation ensues and the victim becomes thin, weak and haggard. As a result, the body becomes a fertile field for the germs of disease to lodge and flourish. Therefore, the person who permits dyspepsia to progress unheeded is guilty of contributing toward the development of one of the most insidious and fatal diseases known to mankind.

Dyspepsia is curable if properly treated. W. P. Taylor sells a remedy which he positively guarantees will cure indigestion or dyspepsia or he will pay for all the medicine used during the trial. This remedy is an absolute new medical discovery and has been named Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets. Certainly no other could be more fair, and the offer of the W. P. Taylor Drug Co. is proof positive that Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are a dependable and infallible remedy. Inasmuch as the medicine will cost you nothing if it does not benefit you we urge you who are suffering with indigestion or dyspepsia to try this remedy. A twenty-five cent box of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets contains enough medicine for fifteen days' treatment. Remember Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are only sold in Alexandria by W. P. Taylor, 616 King street.

Unusually elaborate ceremonies at Columbus, O., today marked the inauguration of Governor John Harmon, democrat, who carried Ohio last fall, after defeating the election of a republican legislature.

DIED.

At Onondaga, N. Y., Saturday, January 9, E. J. SAMSON, aged 26 years; formerly of this city. Funeral from the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Turner, 424 south Washington street, tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends of the family invited.

Is Great Music a Mystery to You?

SOMETIMES you see a reference in a newspaper or a magazine to some composer with whom you are wholly unfamiliar. You would like to know what kind of music that composer wrote—why it is that he has become so famous. You wish that someone in the household could play for you representative works of that composer.

The Pianola Piano

IS THE "OPEN SESAME" TO ALL MUSIC.

It answers all your musical questions—it is a veritable encyclopedia of music. It follows wherever your desires and your tastes lead. Over 15,000 compositions await the enjoyment of the owner of a Pianola or Pianola Piano. No music is too simple or too great for the conquest of the Pianolists.

CAUTION: There is only one Pianola. Do not make the mistake of supposing that you can go into any music store and buy the genuine Pianola and Pianola Piano.

The Pianola - \$250 to \$350
The Pianola Piano - \$550 to \$1,050

Sanders & Stayman Co.,

Exclusive Representatives
Moderate Monthly Payments.

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Washington, D. C.

PERCY S. FOSTER,
Manager.

One price.

Everything right.

CLOTHING SALE Extraordinary

Before stock-taking it is our custom to cut prices 25 per cent on every

Suit, Overcoat and Men's Trousers.

Sale opens WEDNESDAY at 9 o'clock.

\$20 Garments Now \$15

\$15 Garments Now \$11.25

\$10 Garments Now \$7.50

\$5 Garments Now \$3.75

Anything in the house in Clothing from \$1.25 up at the above reduction.

BE EARLY.

Kaufmann Bros

Clothiers - - - Haberdashers.

402-405 KING STREET.

Queen Victoria Mysteriously Shot

Vienra, Jan. 11.—Queen Victoria of Spain was mysteriously shot in the forehead during the recent visit of herself and King Alfonso to the hunting lodge of Archduke Frederick, according to a story printed in the Neue Wiener Journal today.

The story is based on the statement of the lodge game-keeper for whose veracity the paper vouches.

According to the game keeper, Queen Victoria strayed away from the rest of the party. A short time later the king and archduke heard a sharp outcry.

They found the queen lying on the ground with a bullet wound in her forehead. The bullet had just grazed her forehead, but she was bleeding freely.

The king burst into weeping at the sight of his injured wife, who was carried to the palace. The injury proved slight, and the queen, with her head bandaged, resumed her part of the gayeties.

Several arrests were made under the belief that some one had attempted the life of the queen, but absolutely no evidence to substantiate this could be found, and the suspects were released.

Strict orders were given to suppress the news of the accident, but the game-keeper was at last induced to tell of the affair.

The Maine Trial.

Flushing, L. I., Jan. 11.—With the commencement of the fifth week of the Thornton Jenkins Hays murder trial, every one connected with the case is showing the effect of the extreme strain today, and in no case is this more noticeable than in that of the accused. He has lost his serene, indifferent demeanor, and deep lines about his mouth indicate that he, at least, realizes his position.

There was much doubt on both sides early today as to just how much more evidence will be introduced, but the consensus of opinion is that the summing up will begin this afternoon or tomorrow morning. It is not expected, however, that the case will get to the jury until after luncheon Thursday.

Justice Crane's charge is awaited with much interest. He will enunciate a new principle of law to this jury, it is believed. Justice Crane has made searching investigations of exact law, and this will undoubtedly result in a charge that will set a precedent for many years to come.

A later dispatch says both sides have rested in the case, and the court adjourned until tomorrow morning.

Alleged Fugitives from Justice.

Boston, Jan. 11.—Held on the charge of being fugitives from justice, Barney Carper and Joseph Goldsmith are under arrest awaiting the arrival of Baltimore officers. They are charged with obtaining goods under false pretenses and conspiracy to defraud.

The two men are charged with having opened a store in Baltimore under the name of the Chesapeake Manufacturing Company, and with having purchased property worth thousands of dollars, which they later shipped out of the state and then vanished. A third man, at present in Boston, is also wanted by the police.

William A. Andrews, a driver for Adams, Paynes & Gleaves, of Roanoke, disappeared last Monday.

Yesterday while three visiting Bible agents were climbing an unfrequented portion of Mill mountain, they found the young man's body hanging to a sapling. He had fastened his leather belt to a limb about 4 feet from the ground and had himself to death. Andrews, who was 23 years of age, was married on December 24 to Miss Edith Kelly, the 17-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kelly. The cause of the suicide is unknown.

CERTIFICATE TO AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE CONSOLIDATED QUARRY COMPANY.

This is to certify that the CONSOLIDATED QUARRY COMPANY desires to amend its charter of incorporation, granted to it by the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, on the 31st day of December, 1891, and lodged in the files of the Secretary of the Commonwealth on the 31st day of December, 1914, as to decrease its authorized capital stock from one hundred and twenty thousand dollars (\$120,000) divided into twelve hundred (1200) shares of the par value of ten dollars (\$10.00) each, and that the said decrease in its capital stock is made pursuant to resolution of the board of directors adopted at a meeting of the board held on the 12th day of October, 1907, and under a resolution of the stockholders adopted by a vote of two-thirds in interest of each class of stockholders having voting power, at a special meeting of the stockholders held at its principal office in the City of Alexandria, Virginia, on the 26th day of October, 1907, called for that purpose, after two weeks notice, required by law, published in the Alexandria Gazette and Advertiser given of the said meeting. Certified copies of the resolutions of the board of directors and stockholders meetings are hereto annexed and made a part of this certificate.

Given under our hands and the seal of the said company this 12th day of December, 1918.

HENRY F. GILBERT, President.

Attested: J. C. PRATT, Secretary.

District of Columbia to wit: I, George J. Johnson, a Notary Public in and for the said District, do hereby certify that Henry F. Gilbert, the president, and James C. Pratt, the secretary of the CONSOLIDATED QUARRY COMPANY, whose names are signed to the annexed writing dated on the 12th day of December, 1908, personally appeared before me in my district aforesaid, and acknowledged that they had made, signed, and sealed the foregoing certificate for the purpose therein set forth, by authority of the stockholders meeting of the said company.

Given under my hand and notarial seal this 19th day of December, 1918. My commission expires on the 27th day of May, 1919.

GEORGE J. JOHNSON, Notary Public.

jan11 w3w-n

NOTICE.
Office hours: 9:30 a. m. to 6:30 p. m.
W. E. DISELTY.
jan11 30* 108 south Washington street.

FOR RENT—BRICK HOUSE 220 south Alfred street, between Prince and Duke; every room heated and all modern conveniences; large yard. Apply to JAMES ROCHE, 705 King street.
jan9 35*

LOST.—On north Columbus street, on a Tuesday morning, a package of the MASONIC FAIR, will be held at the Masonic Temple, Tuesday, January 12, 1909, at 8 p. m. All interested in the fair are requested to attend.
jan9 35*

WANTED—A respectable white GIRL to be an agent of the family, address "W. E. Gazette office."
jan. 8, 9.